Improving Pleural Fluid Culture Yield with Liquid Based Microbiology



Crystal Leung, Karen Cholmondeley, Lugain Khoj, Malcolm Sherwood Centre for Quality, Innovation, and Safety, Schulich School of Medicine & Dentistry, Western University, London, ON, Canada

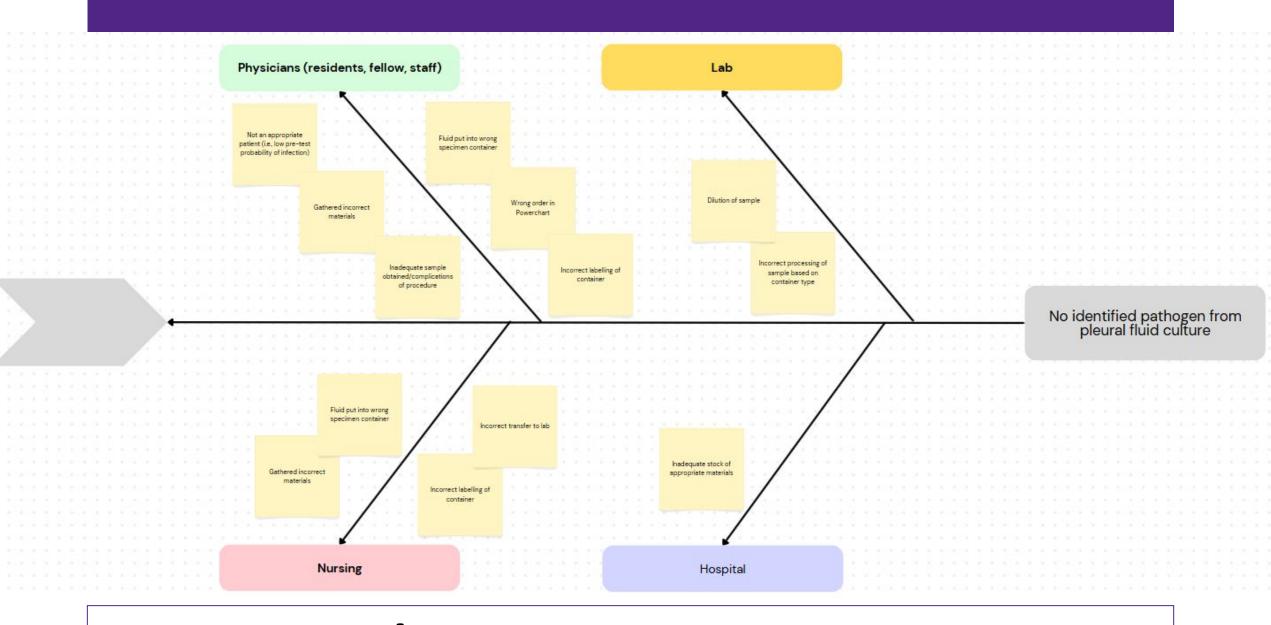


AIM Statement: To increase the proportion of pleural fluid culture results with an identified bacterial pathogen by 20% within 8 months, for patients admitted to the Respirology inpatient ward.

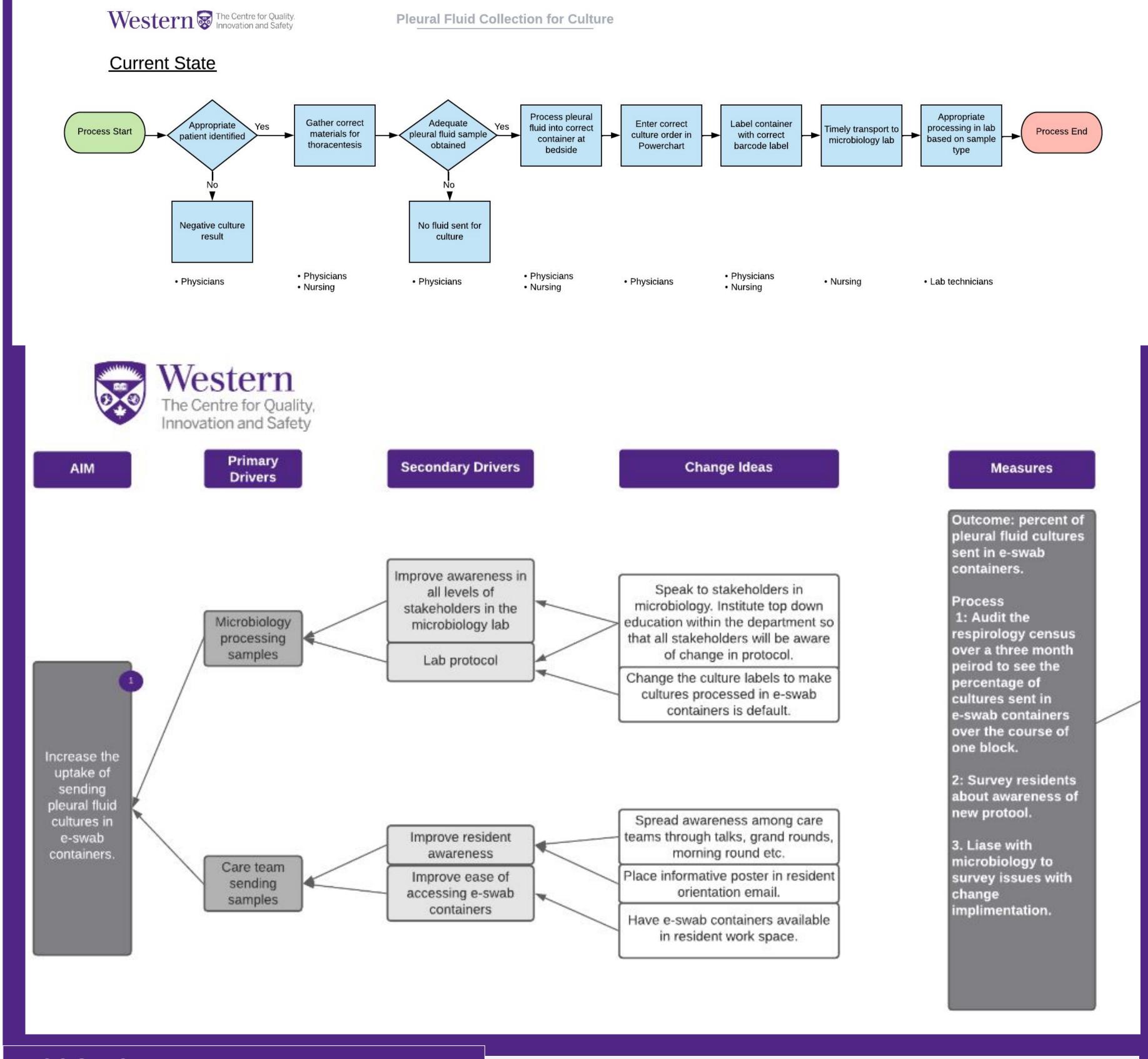
PROBLEM DEFINITION

- Parapneumonic effusions can develop in 20-40% of hospitalized patients with pneumonia & contribute to length of stay¹
- Microbiological culture yield from pleural effusions is low. Collecting pleural samples in blood culture bottles improves pathogen identification^{2,3}
- Liquid based microbiology (LBM) in the form of an E-swab may work similarly
- Our study aims to improve pathogen identification from pleural fluid cultures using the new E-swab LBM technology

ROOT CAUSE ANALYSIS

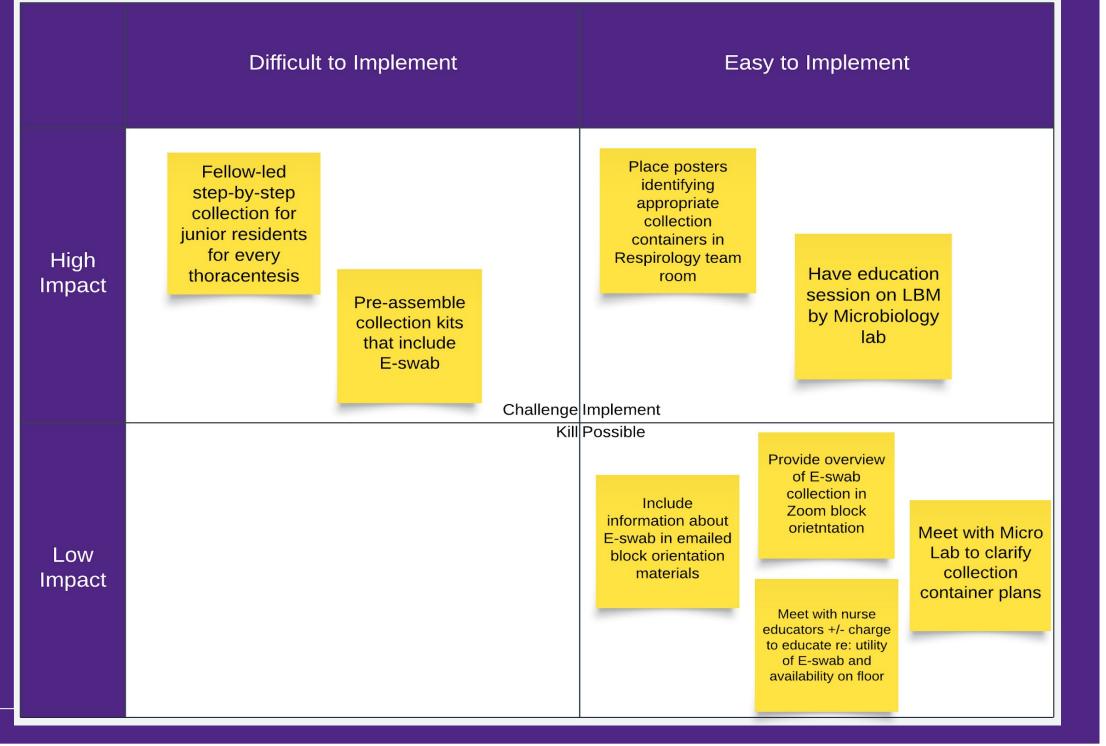


- Residents/fellows endorse lack of knowledge about appropriate container for culture, and no knowledge of LBM/E-swab availability
- Nursing endorse lack of knowledge about ability to use E-swab for pleural culture and availability in floor stock
- Lab technicians not aware that some processes (e.g. dilution of sample) affect yield



LESSONS LEARNED

- Unanticipated technical challenges - midway through collection period, lab informed that redundant culture request needed to be ordered.
- Limitations of passive education -informal survey showed poor penetrance of awareness of change idea among housestaff despite orientation document.



IMPLEMENTATION

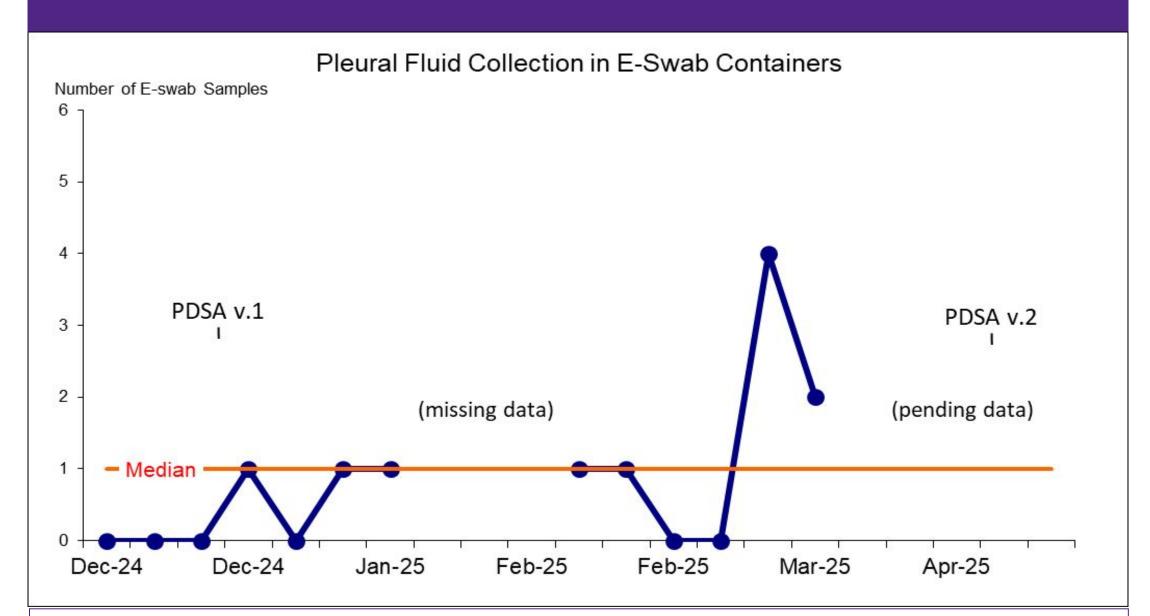
PDSA 1 (Dec 17th, 2024 - Mar 31st, 2025)

- Initiated collection of pleural fluid samples in E-swab containers by fellows on inpatient respirology service
- Obtained data on number of collected samples and culture results compared to previous process

PDSA 2 (April 8th, 2025 - current)

 Improving uptake of collection in E-swab containers by promoting current practice in orientation & collaboration with micro lab

MEASUREMENT & RESULTS



- Process: Informal survey of resident awareness re: E-swabs; # of E-swabs sent
- Balancing: Added cost (material/labour) from dual sample containers & processing

SUSTAINABILITY

Respirology fellows will continue to advocate for use of E-swabs. New standard is provided in the Respirology block orientation & posters could be added. Plan to liaise with Micro monthly for data collection.